be filed with the regional processing facility within thirty (30) days after the service of the notice of termination. If no appeal is filed within that period, the Forms I-94, I-688 or other official Service document shall be deemed void, and must be surrendered without delay to an immigration officer or to the issuing office of the Service.

(ii) Termination proceedings must be commenced before the alien becomes eligible for adjustment of status under §210.5 of this part. The timely commencement of termination proceedings will preclude the alien from becoming a lawful permanent resident until a final determination is made in the proceedings, including any appeal.

[53 FR 10064, Mar. 29, 1988, as amended at 55 FR 12629, Apr. 5, 1990; 60 FR 21975, May 4, 1995; 61 FR 46536, Sept. 4, 1996]

§210.5 Adjustment to permanent resident status.

- (a) Eligibility and date of adjustment to permanent resident status. The status of an alien lawfully admitted to the United States for temporary residence under section 210(a)(1) of the Act, if the alien has otherwise maintained such status as required by the Act, shall be adjusted to that of an alien lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the following dates:
- (1) Group 1. Aliens determined to be eligible for Group 1 classification, whose adjustment to temporary residence occurred prior to November 30, 1988, shall be adjusted to lawful permanent residence as of December 1, 1989. Those aliens whose adjustment to temporary residence occurred after November 30, 1988 shall be adjusted to lawful permanent residence one year from the date of the adjustment to temporary residence.
- (2) Group 2. Aliens determined to be eligible for Group 2 classification whose adjustment to temporary residence occurred prior to November 30, 1988, shall be adjusted to lawful permanent residence as of December 1, 1990. Those aliens whose adjustment to temporary residence occurred after November 30, 1988 shall be adjusted to lawful permanent residence two years from the date of the adjustment to temporary residence.

- (b) ADIT processing—(1) General. To obtain proof of permanent resident status an alien described in paragraph (a) of this section must appear at a legalization or Service office designated for this purpose for preparation of Form I-551, Alien Registration Receipt Card. Such appearance may be prior to the date of adjustment, but only upon invitation by the Service. Form I-551 shall be issued subsequent to the date of adjustment.
- (2) Upon appearance at a Service office for preparation of Form I-551, an alien must present proof of identity, suitable ADIT photographs, and a fingerprint and signature must be obtained from the alien on Form I-89.

[53 FR 10064, Mar. 29, 1988, as amended at 54 FR 50339, Dec. 6, 1989]

PART 211—DOCUMENTARY RE-QUIREMENTS: IMMIGRANTS; WAIVERS

Sec.

211.1 Visas.

211.2 Passports.

- 211.3 Expiration of immigrant visas, reentry permits, refugee travel document, and Form I-551.
- 211.4 Recording the entry of certain immigrant children admitted without immigrant visas.

211.5 Alien commuters.

Authority: 8 U.S.C. 1101, 1103, 1181, 1182, 1203, 1225, 1257.

§211.1 Visas.

(a) General. A valid unexpired immigrant visa shall be presented by each arriving immigrant alien applying for admission to the United States for lawful permanent residence, except as immigrant alien who: (1) Is a child born subsequent to the issuance of an immigrant visa to his accompanying parent and applies for admission during the validity of such a visa; or (2) is a child born during the temporary visit abroad of a mother who is a lawful permanent resident alien, or a national, of the United States, provided the child's application for admission to the United States is made within 2 years of his birth, the child is accompanied by his parent who is applying for readmission as a permanent resident upon the first return of the parent to the United